indian appropriation bill, Mr. Vilas George opposing the report.

BUTLER'S BOND BILL At 1 p. m. the Butler bill was taken up, the Indian conference reporting going over all. Mr. Aldrick offered the following at as an additional section to follow the report prohibiting the issue of bonds: "Unless, in case of emergency it is necessary, in the opinion of the President of the United States and the Secretary of the Treasury, to issue such bonds in accordance with the provisions of existing law, to preserve the public credit or to meet obligations of the United States created by such existing law which cannot otherwise be met and

such bonds when so issued shall first be ered at public sale."
lefore the debate preceded Mr. Hill sugested that a vote on the Brown resolution eclaring issues of future bonds illegal, hould follow the vote on the Butler prohibiory bill. Mr. Brown assented and Mr. Butler wanted 6 p. m. to-morrow fixed as the time for the vote on the Brown resolution.

Mr. Hill insisted, however, that the "whole bond business" should be cleared from the floer to-day. Objections were made and no agreement was effected. Mr. Brown then resumed his speech of yesterday discussing bonds and free silver coinage.

Mr. Brown was followed by his Utah coleague, Mr. Cannon. They had eccupied different positions on the Dingley tariff bill, he former having voted for and the latter gainst consideration. Mr. Cannon replied o strictures made on the five Republican ensions voting against the Dingley bill. He asented the charge of insincerity. He charcterized the tariff bill as an "iniquity and constrosity of legislation," sectional and plust. He had been acquitted by his contience and by his constituents. The five epublican Senators who voted against the wanted 6 p. m. to-morrow fixed as the

Republican Senators who voted against the tariff bill, he said, have all the consolation that they need, each having received the indorsement of his people at home. Mr. Cannon referred to the choice of Senators Carter and Mantle, of Montana, Dubois, of daho, Teller, of Colorado, and himself as pelegates to the national convention. legates to the national convention. "The ent of the great intermountain States for the free coinage of silver," declared Mr. Cannon, in impassioned tones, "and they ook to the leadership of Henry M. Teller ather than to that of the distinguished ator from Onio" (Sherman.) Mr. Can-added that any man from that section drew his inspiration from Mr. Sherman Mr. Morrill would be rejected by his

put Mr. Teller cted, on the ground that the present agreement for a vote before adjournment

MR. ALLISON'S SPEECH. Mr. Allison spoke briefly on the bond bill. He said it was well known that the bill said, that the borrowing of money for the government was solely a legislative power, except as the statutes conferred that power on the executive branch. Under these cir- plied. Governor Matthews followed on belution would be the repeal of the only law | remarks said that as the drummers were allowing the executive to borrow money on was intended to overcome the instability vidual's thought will suggest what this and panic following the war. He denied the should be and the chances are at least 16essertion made during the debate that the | to-1 that it will be right. under the law of 1875 were for the ole purpose of redeeming greenbacks and hen canceling them, after which the bond lower ceased. On the contrary, he said, it

elated monometallic currency. No exaw which brought stability. As to the seigniorage from silver, Mr. Alli-on showed that seigniorage could not arise ntil after the silver was coined; that the esent mint capacity was restricted to ty or fifty millions a year, and that on hat amount the seigniorage would be limited to twelve or fifteen millions. So that id he, Senators were playing here with the government's paper money. They were inning the hazard of going back in thirty that to a paper basis not convertible into the indirection by which the penning the indirection by which the penning the sought to take a step toward free silver sought to take a step toward free silver nage without waiting for legislative ac-n. "I believe," he said, "that the United tes cannot open its mints to the free etallic nation; that it cannot take this ons, and I will continue to vote against the free coinage of silver at 16 to 1 by this

Mr. Chandler deprecated the spirit and manner of the author of the bill (Butler), who had made threats and had talked of revolution and bloodshed. Mr. Butler arose to disclaim such utter-

Mr. Chandler insisted that the Senator's nguage had conveyed indirect threats and detended to revolution and bloodshed. Mr. dler held up a newspaper, which, he was the Caucasian, published by Mr. d extreme and violent attacks on Sena-Hill and Sherman and others with nom Mr. Butler was in daily intercourse, as to the bond issues, Mr. Chandler declared hat the President and Secretary of the sury were men of sterling personal ineveland and who are of the party of John L Carlisle to join with us in at least one triotic vote to protect our honor and

PETTIGREW EXPLAINS. Mr. Pettigrew rose to challenge a pubished statement that, although an advocate of free silver coinage, he had agreed to ort "McKinley and sound money" in to become a delegate to the National ention. Mr. Pettigrew declared that the report was false. The South Dakota onvention had referred the financial quesdon to the National convention and no issue or vote was taken on silver. Mr. Pettigrew clared that there was no office which could lead him to sacrifice his convictions

Mr, Teller pointed out that the pending all had no connection with the free coino of silver. He denied also the right of andler to speak of the Rep rty in favoring a continuance of bond iswere not in favor of increasing the public debt in time of peace. Mr. Teller referred contemptuously to those "self-satisfied pharisees" who declaimed that they were the only one, willing to protect the honor and credit of the country. The Senator declared that the silver question, whose death ared that the sliver question, whose death id burial had been predicted, was a most ively corpse. State after State had deconvention for silver. The great cratic party was ready to inscribe on Democratic party was ready to inscribe on its banner "Free silver coinage." There were States in the West which had long furnished Senators and representatives to swell the majorities in both houses of Congress. "What the Republican party will do at St. Louis I do not know," said Mr. Teller, "but I believe I know enough of the sentiment of the West and of the plain people of the country to say that the party e of the country to say that the party omed to defeat."

I that it was a virtual repeal of the money of the government. The enid on the treasury with greenbacks in anment. If the exercise of the bond power had not been resorted to by the present administration the doors of the treasury would have been closed. "Before I would you for a bill carrying such dishonor," exciaimed Mr. Burrows, "I had rather a thoughness that the country had gone down nes that the country had gone down n the awful storm of war. I will never alse my hand to remove the last prop that ustains the credit of my country." (Ap-

Mr. Palmer urged that the bill sought to sh free silver at the cost of the It was 6:30 when the voting began, and at that hour the galleries had but a scant remnant of the crowds which the presiding officer, Mr. Fauikner, directed the reading of the amendment of Mr. Alrich, introduced the amendment of Mr. Alrich, introduc i early in the day, allowing bond issues an emergency, to sustain public credit.

was a test of the two opposing elements. e amendment was tabled—yeas, 32; nays, he individual vote being identical with ng that nothing in the act shall be Jointed States to redeem in coin the out-tarding United States legal-tender notes and reasury notes, nor to restrict the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to secure companies doing business in this State. The plaintiff claimed it was inoperative, be-cause no Lilinois companies did business in other States on the life plan. The case was appealed to the Supreme Court.

tion prevailed-yeas, 31; nays, 25-the vote being the same as before, except that Mr. Pritchard did not vote.

An amendment by Mr. Hill, that United States notes when once reasoned shall not be reissued, was tabled on motion of Mr. Mills—43 to 12. The negative vote was cast by Senators Lodge, Platt, Quay, Wetmore, Republicans, and Brice, Caffery, Faulkner, Hill, Mitchell of Wisconsin, Palmer, Smith and Vilas Democrats and Vilas, Democrats.

An amendment by Mr. Quay for the re-demption and cancellation of treasury notes and for the issue therefor of notes payable of Indiana Catholic Total Abin gold and receivable for all debts, publi and private, was laid on the table withou

Mr. Allison introduced a joint resolution for a scientific investigation of the Bering At 7 o'clock Mr. Hill moved to adjourn and as the motion was carried Mr. Hill exclaimed "And may God save the country."

TRAVELING MEN GIVE GOV. MAT-THEWS THE "DRUMMERS' SHAKE."

Illuminated Parade at Terre Haute Last Night Not So Large as Had Been Expected.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 2.-The at-Travelers' Protective Association is not so large as expected, and the fact is to be used in the convention to start a move ment for cheaper railroad fare by legislation in the States traversed by lines of the several traffic associations. The railroad At this point a report from the House was received as to the passage of the river and harbor bill over the President's veto. Mr. Vest asked that the bill and veto be taken up as soon as the vote on the bond bill was taken. Mr. Sherman objected, unrailroad companies, by withdrawing the invalid of campaign. less an agreement on the filled cheese bill was made. Thereupon Mr. Vest gave notice that he would move to take up the river and harbor bill and veto to-morrow.

Before continuing the bond debate Mr. Butler sought to have 5 p. m. to-day fixed for the vote on the bond bill, but Mr. Teller general two-cent fare. general two-cent lare.

When the convention was called to order this morning Rev. Alonzo Monk, of Macon, Ga., national chaplain, called for the singing of "Nearer My God to Thee," and five or six hundred "drummers" put all their lung power into it. Then the chaplain offered prayer, after which Mayor Ross delivered an address of welcome, to which State President Sedgwick, of Richmond, resumstances the adoption of the Brown reso- half of the State, and in the course of his disseminators of thought he would caution bonds. Mr. Allison reviewed the causes them to disseminate none but the right kind leading up to the bond law of 1875, which of political thought this year. Each indi-When the Governor sat down the dele-

gates called to him, "Shake, Claude!" and all rose to give him the drummers' shake, ras to be a continuous power, to give a which consists of holding both hands above tability to values. No part of the people ould be benefited by a fluctuating, unstable, ernor returned the salutation. National President Lee followed the Governor and then Colonel R. W. Thompson spoke and was followed by several delegates. At the afternoon session the preliminary organization was effected and the annual report submitted. The hard times had been felt, and 2,380 members had been dropped. but there was a net increase of 278, making the membership 10,816. Twenty-six hundred applications for membership were rejected. Thirteen posts were established during the ear and there are now thirty-two State livisions, with a total of 105 posts. Three leath policies of \$5,000 each were paid and claims for injuries to the amount of \$42,762, or \$5.41 per capita. The treasury now has \$23,933.84. The per capita expense account was \$1.42. President Lee reports no deaths of members in the St. Louis storm, but several were injured and the wife of a members. ber was killed. Missouri leads with 1,842 members, Illinois has 1,488 and Indiana is third with 1,253. lled to sell twice the quantity of goods

In conclusion National President Lee said: 'Our members assembled here to-day have passed through a year of commercial trials and bitter conditions. We have been comwhich we sold ten or even five years ago in order to make the usual aggregate sales in dollars and cents, owing to the enormous declines of values in nearly all lines of goods. Owing to the great reductions of values of agricultural products and the consequent destruction of the purchasing power of the people, expenses have been but little reduced while margins of profit have been but little better. We have found employment hard to secure and harder to retain than heretofore and my people are finding their burdens growing a most intol-erable. We are gathered here, of all political creeds, and we differ widely as to the grity, standing as the representatives of a credit of the government. No one relief to the country and to restore the commercial conditions to their former activthe credit of the government. No one charges a misappropriation or embezzlement of the funds which had been raised by the sale of bonds. "I am thankful that two-thirds of the Senators on this side of the chamber," said Mr. Chandler, "will vote against this bill. And I ask Senators who participated in the election of President classified and who are of the party of John. clouds by day or the pillar of golden fire by fight, with which to guide His people out of bondage, or happily employ a com-bination of both, we will be content if the

relief comes, provided it comes quickly."

The illuminated parade to-night was a grand success. There were many large University; Rev. P. Johannes, of St. Mary's for Two Rivers, Wis., foundered about midone of the Manitous and the west is safe and sound in Baltimore, Mr. Simrated and illuminated. The big arch with one thousand electric lights, the statues of heroic size, the illuminated satchel coursing the street over head on a wire, made scene one of splender such as Terre Haute never before produced. The visiting delegations for the parade were not as large as expected because of the railroad rates, but in all several thousand persons took part. The Decatur, Ill., delegation which was to have been two hundred strong, was cut down to fifty and no band on account of the rates. After the parade a band serenaded Governor Matthews, who spoke briefly from the Terre Haute House balcony,

DAVID BELASCO'S SUIT.

Wants N. K. Fairbank to Pay \$65,000 for Making Mrs. Carter an Actress.

NEW YORK, June 2.-In the Supreme Court, to-day, a jury was impaneled for the trial of the suit of David Belasco against N. K. Fairbank, of Chicago. Belasco claimed that the Western millionaire owes him \$65,000 for his services and expenses in training Mrs. Leslie Carter for the stage, which, he alleges, occupied his entire time from July, 1889, to November. | Board of Prison Difectors met at the Prison 1890. Counsel for Belasco, in stating his | South to-day and contracted with the Jones case, said that Fairbank had agreed to pay the plaintiff whatever was reasonable, and counsel held that the claim for \$65,000, which included sundry items of traveling and other expenses incident to the business between Fairbank, Belasco and Mrs. Carter, is within that designation. Mrs. Carter was trained by Belasco for twenty-two parts in plays by Shakspeare, Sardou and Gilbert. Fairbank, in his answer, alleges that in the spring of 1891 Belasco released and discharged him from all claims arising out of the first professional tour of Mrs. Carter. The defendant also alleges that between July 1, 1889, and Nov. 1, 1890, he loaned Belasco \$10,000, which the latter promised to repay. and that subsequent to the date last given he made further loans to the plaintiff aggre-gating \$20,860, none of which had been re-paid, and which, with the \$10,000 first specihe enters as a counter-claim, asking that Belasco's action be dismissed and that he be given judgment against Belasco for \$30,860, with interest and costs. A motion to amend Mr. Fairbank's coun ter-claim so as to make the amount advanced \$51,000, which the millionaire discovered he had advanced Belasco for Mrs. Carter's training, was made later. The motion

Insurance Tax Case Decided.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 2.—In the Circuit Court to-day the case of the Union Life Insurance Company against the State Superintendent of Insurance of Illinois to recover \$5,000 paid by the company into the State treasury as tax on gross earnings under the reciprocal law was decided by Judge Fouke in favor of the defendant. The law

ISLAND NO. 10 STORY

COINCIDENCE IN THE LIFE OF AN OLD SOLDIER FOUND DEAD.

stinence Union.

Mr. Hill moved to postpone further consideration of the bill until December next. Defeated—24 to 32.

This closed the way for the final vote on which the bill was passed—yeas, 32; nays, 25.

The filled cheese bill was taken up and made the unfinished business.

Mr. Hill moved to postpone further consideration of the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENSBURG, Ind., June 2.—James F. Hindrickson, a worn-out veteran of the late war, was found dead last Sunday at Westport, this county. The cause of death Westport, this county. The cause of death is given as due to exposure. He had been broken in health since the war and the manner of his death recalls a chapter of war history which is not to be found in the

> usual chronicles of army days. On New Year's night, 1864, remembered by all veterans as the fatal New Year's when the Union troops suffered untold hardships from exposure to a terrible storm that swept the country, many of the boys in blue perished in the cold and others were permanently ruined in health. That night Lieutenant Edwin Alexander, of Company B, Fifty-second Indiana regiment, was ordered by his colonel to go from Fort Pillow to Island No. 10 on the Mississippi river to arrest a band of smugglers, who had been reported, with headquarters on the island. He took with him ten men, among whom was James F. Hindrickson. Being unable to obtain any other vessel than an old scow, they departed in it, just at nightfall. The wind was blowing a gale on the river and they were in momentary danger of being capsized. The river was filled with flaoting ice, but they managed the vessel successfully until the wind increased and sent them on one of the numerous sandbars of the island. They climbed over to lighten the scow and lost their boat, which was carried by the wind into the

The men waded to the island and gathered such driftwood as could be obtained to build a fire. The wood was water-soaked and after numerous failures to kindle fire Lieutenant Alexander took from his pocket the paper money which he had re-ceived for his pay and endeavored, with all standing around, so as to keep off the wind, to start a blaze. Each effort was a failure, as the feeble flame each time would be extinguished by a gust of wind. At last the lieutenant became so benumbed that he fell unconscious and perished from the cold. The remaining comrades, being unable to those who had already succumbed." When morning came all were dead save James F. Hindrickson and George W. Cark. That day they were rescued from the island. Their feet and hands were frozen and their lives almost despaired. Both, however, survived, and Clark resides near Albert, a physical wreck from the severe exposure of that horrible night, and his old comrade, Hindrickson, has just passed away.

HELD WITHOUT BAIL. Result of Coroner's Verdict on the Lebanon Street Duel.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. LEBANON, Ind., June 2.- The tragedy on the street yesterday is still the talk of the town. The coroner's inquest, which began yesterday afternoon, was not completed until this morning. Nine witnesses were examined, and their testimony differed widely, some asserting that Allen fired the first shot, and others that Riley was the first to pull the trigger. Others were not prepared to make positive statements concerning the matter. There was also a difference among the witnesses as to the number of shots fired before Riley fell with his death wound. At 11 o'clock this morning the coroner gave

the following verdict: "W. W. Riley came to his death from gun-shot wounds inflicted by leaden balls unlawfully and feloniously fired at and into the body of W. W. Riley from a pistol in the hands of Thomas F. Allen." A warrant was at once issued on the verdict and served by Constable George Frost. The preliminary hearing took place before 'Squire Perril this afternoon, and Allen was held without bail to await the action of the grand jury later in the week. It is not be-lieved any indictment will be returned. At-torneys Ralston & Keefe have been retained Allen to defend him. Riley's body has been prepared for burial y Undertaker Bechtell, and will be interred to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock at Hopewell. Rev. D. E. Williamson, of the Presbyterian Church, will conduct the fu-

Allen's Brother a Murderer.

pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. GREENCASTLE, Ind., June 2.-Thomas W. Allen, who killed W. L. Riley at Lebanon yesterday, is a brother of the late Jas. Allen, who, two or three years ago, killed his wife and then committed suicide near Brick Chapel, in this county. Allen is well known here, having lived in this community.

CATHOLIC TEETOTALERS. Twenty-Fourth Annual Convention of

the State Union in Session. pecial to the Indianapolis Journal. SOUTH BEND, Ind., June 1 .- The twentyfourth annual State convention of the Catholic Total Abstinence Union of Indiana began in this city to-day with about 100 delegates from all parts of the State. A reception and dance was given last evening, and at 9 o'clock this morning the Celegates attended pontifical high mass at St. Patrick's Church, the celebrant being Pishop Rademacher, of Fort Wayne, assisted by Rev. Father Clark, of St. Patrick's Father French, vice president of Notre Dame University; Rev. P. P. Cooney, of Notre Dame, and Father Schnelle, of Terre Haute. Bishop Rademacher made a brief address at the close of mass. The convention assembled after mass in the hall of the Catholic Knights of America and was called to order by the temporary chairman, D. P. Downes, of Terre Haute, with Patrick Mahones, of Logansport, secretary. Bishop Rademacher delivered a short address, and committees on resolutions, organization and constitution and an auditing committee were appointed. This afternoon other business matters were given attention, and to-night a rousing temperance meeting was held at Good's Opera House, addresses being deliv-ered by Catholics and non-Catholics interested in the cause of temperance. The conver tion will close to-morrow afternoon with the election of officers and in the afternoon the delegates will be entertained at the University of Notre Dame and at St. Mary's Academy.

FOR CONVICT LABOR.

with a Hollowware Company.

Southern Prison Directors Contract special to the Indianapolis Journal. JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., June 2 .- The Hollowware Company, of Baltimore, for the labor of 250 convicts at the rate of 50 cents per day. The contract is for five years. The plant will occupy the buildings formerly owned by the Patton Hollowware Company. The new company has similar contracts with the prison authorities at Auburn, N. Y., and at Baltimore The firm will assume charge as soon as it can secure the buildings. In connection with the business of the Patton Manufacturing Company W. H. Watson to-day filed suit on behalf of the State against A. G. Patton, proprietor of the Patton Manufacturing Company, Mary G. Patton and others to set aside mortgages which amount to about \$50,000.

In Jail for Infanticide.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 2.-Samuel Mc-Donald, member of a prominent family, has been placed in jail at Mount Vernon charged with murder. An infant's remains were recently found in a well at Cynthiana, Posey county, and after some detective work it was found that the mother was a Miss Scott. Further developments went to show that McDonald was the father and that he and the girl took part in the disposition of the body. Both the young people stand high in the community and the developments in the case and the arrest of McDonald

have created a sensation.

Foresters Elect Officers. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. HAMMOND, Ind., June 2.-The second annual meeting of the State Lodge, Catholic Order of Foresters, was held in this city to-day. The following State officers for the ensuing year were elected: Chief ranger, Michael Grimmer, of Schererville: vice chief Michael Grimmer, of Schererville; vice chief ranger, M. J. Kramer, of Crown Point; sec-retary, Joseph W. We's, of Hammond; treasurer, Albert Gehring, of Michigan City; delegate to national convention at Colum-

bus, O., Patrick McNulty, of Michigan City.
The next annual meeting will be held at Crown Point, June 3, 1897.

Perry Heath a McKinley Manager. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. MUNCIE, Ind., June 2.-Perry S. Heath, late managing editor of the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette, left the home of his parents in this city to-night for St Louis to open McKinley headquarters in the Southern Hotel, preparatory for the Republican national convention. He will remain in charge until the arrival of Mark Hanna. Mr. Heath says there is now nothing that will turn the McKinley tide or prevent the Ohio man's nomination on the first or second ballot, if a resolution to make the nomination unanimous does not prevail before the time for balloting.

Suicide of a Bride-Elect.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. EVANSVILLE, Ind., June 2.-Miss Alice Fritsch, daughter of merchant Fritsch, committed suicide to-day by shooting herself. The deed was the result of a quarrel with her mother. The young woman had many accomplishments. She was engaged to be married shortly to Edward Fleck, a musician of note, but there were objections, it is claimed, on the part of the young woman's parents, and this fact probably led to the disagreement between the mother and

Law Graduates.

Special to the Indianapolis. Journal. WASHINGTON, June 2.-Among the law graduates of Georgetown University this year is D. H. Fenton, of Hammond, chief of the bookkeeping division, Sixth Auditor's office. Charles B. Kelly and Allen C. Mc-Donald, also of Indiana, take degrees as bachelors of law, and Wilson E. Cook as master of law. Judge Jere Wilson will present the diplomas.

Bloodhounds After Burglars. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FRANKFORT, Ind., June 2.-William

Bolt's general store, at Cyclone, this county, was robbed last night by two tramps, who traded their old clothes for a new outfit and left the discarded apparel on the floor. Mr. Bolt, with the Darlington bloodhounds and a party of neighbors, are hunting the thieves to-day. Woman Killed by the Knickerbocker.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DANVILLE, Ind., June 2 .- Sarah Greenlee was instantly killed by the Knickerbocker this evening. She lived near Reno and was walking on the track. Indiana Deaths.

WABASH, Ind., June 2.-Mrs. Anna B., Porter, of Lincolnville, this county, alea I evening after a long illness of paralysis, aged eighty. She was born in Guernsey county, Ohio, and moved to Grant county, Indiana, in March, 1858, and has resided at Lincoinville since August, 1894.

LAGRANGE, Ind., June 2.—J. C. Hewitt, editor of the Register, died last evening after a short illness. Mr. Hewitt was well-known among newspaper men in the southern part of the State. He was prominent in the Masonic order and the G. A. R. VALPARAISO, Ind., June 2.-Uncle Harry Kimball, one of Porter county's earliest residents, died this evening, aged eighty-three. He came here from southern Ohio sixty-two years ago.

ELWOOD, Ind., June 2.—Miss Sallie Mills, formerly of Walton, Ky., died here yesterday morning after a long illness of consumption and was interred in the city cemetery

Indiana Notes. The State convention of the Universalists is in session at Crawfordsville. The City Council of Crawfordsville has donated \$100 to the East St. Louis storm Attorney J. E. McClaskey, of Logansport, while riding his bicycle, Monday evening, collided with another rider and received a

compound fracture of the collar bone. Hon. Henry C. Pettit, a young Wabash attorney and member of the last session of the General Assembly, has declined a position in the law faculty of the State Univer-

Joseph Sewell, a Kokomo barber, while boarding a Lake Eric freight train in the Frankfort yards, at 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning, fell under the wheels, losing his left leg below the knee. Sewell and Eu-gene Knox were stealing a ride to Lafay-The annual conference of the German Evangelical Church in northern Indiana convenes to-day at Urbana, and fifty ministers

of the denomination, together with a hundred or more delegates, will be in attendance. The session will last until Friday and will be presided over by Rev. Paul Nollau, of Manchester, Mich., Rev. Frank G. Elsen, being the secretary.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The eighth annual meeting of the American Boiler Manufacturers' Association began at Cleveland yesterday with twentyfour of the sixty members present. At Cypress, Ark., Charles Seagrist shot and killed William McLeod. They were both prosperous farmers and had a difficulty over a settlement. Seagrist is in jail.

The wholesale dry-goods house of Wolff & Happ, of Macon, one of the largest in Georgia, failed Monday. Liabilities, \$250,-000, with assets almost covering the amount. Ed Cross, a white man living near Camden, Ark., killed his mother-in-law by knocking her brains out with a hoe. He then beat his wife and sister savagely and escaped.

Henry Mitchell Smith (colored) hanged at Lexington, Ky., yesterday, for assaulting Mrs. Hudson, a white woman, last year. Only fifty people witnessed the execution in the jall. Postmaster Rose, of Cripple Creek, has forwarded his resignation to the department

at Washington. Charges against the administration of his office were filed by Postoffice Inspector McMeechen last week. way between the Manitous and the west shore. The crew escaped to the tug.

Capt. Joseph Phillips, of the Buffalo fire boat Hutchison, was shot and perhaps fa-tally wounded yesterday by William Brown, a sailor and ex-fireman, who had sought reinstatement in the fire department. The Schoolfield-Hanauer Grocery Company, one of the oldest wholesale firms in Memphis, has assigned. Liabilities, \$100,000; assets, nominally, \$100,000. General business ression is given as the cause of the

Prof. Lucien M. Underwood, of the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, at Auburn, Ala., has been elected professor of botany in Columbia College, to succeed Prof. Britton, who becomes director of the new botanical garden in New York. On the petition of Cornelius Van Cott, president of the Manhattan Athletic Club, ustice Pryor, in the New York Supreme

Court, yesterday granted premission to the to change its name to that of the Knickerbocker Athletic Club. Joseph Hyland, alias Harris, alias W. H. Clark, formerly of Licking county, Ohio, who is said to be a member of the Leroy W. Harris gang of postoffice money-order "raisers," has been arrested and committed to Ludlow-street jull, New York.

Florsheim Brothers, retail shoe dealers at 146 State street, Chicago, confessed judg-ment yesterday for \$50,553, in favor of Simon Hochstaeder & Son, of San Francisco, and Herman Brothers and Lindauer & Co., of Nashville, Tenn. Assets not given. Commander Booth-Tucker has succeeded n checking an important defection in the Salvation Army in the Northwest. He has persuaded Major Stiffwell, commanding the Northwestern division, to withdraw his resignation and retain his command.

Professor L. L. Dyche, of Peary expedi-tion fame, the Kansas University naturalist, yesterday left Lawrence, Kan., for an ex-tended trip to Alaska. He will be gone all ummer and, it is said, will make preparations for another trip to the north pole. At a meeting of the stockholders of the Niagara Falls Power Company Monday all arrangements for the transmission of power to Buffalo were completed. The meet-ing was the annual one, and the old board of directors and all the officers were re-

General Fitzhugh Lee, accompanied by his son, Fitzhugh Lee, jr., and Thomas Al-exander, of Lexington, Va., sailed from Tampa, Fla., for Cuba Monday. He will carefully study the situation in Cuba, and does not intend to be hoodwinked regarding the battles. The American branch of the Women's

ternational Peace League has elected Mrs. Mary F. Ormsby, of Washington, president of the American branch, and Mrs. Lacey Green Leach, a relative of Vice President Stevenson, as delegate to the International Congress for Women's Work at Berlin, Germany, from Sept. 19 to 26 of this year. Drank Poisoned Wine.

CHICAGO. June 2.—Seven persons drank from a bottle of poisoned port wine to-night in the house of Eva Little, in South Clark

street, and four of the inmates it is expected will die. The seriously affected ones are: Della Clark, Bessie Landon, inmates; Bert Brower, colored porter: William Kennedy, fourteen years old. The others poisoned are Eva Little, Agnes Seymour, Joseph McClelland. The bottle of wine was left at the house by a stranger, who said another stranger had given it to him to deliver.

NO SUFFERING AMONG DESTITUTE OF ST. LOUIS AND EAST ST. LOUIS.

Generous People Contributing Money, Clothing and Provisions-Wealthy Iron Miner Missing.

ST. LOUIS, June 2.- The work of relief and restoration went on to-day in the midst of failing rain, which has prevalled more or less during the past week. Contributions of money, clothing, provisions and other necessitles for tornado sufferers are coming in liberally and all the destitute are being cared for. Chief Harrigan has issued a written request to the captains of the various police districts asking them to prevail on the employes of the police department under them to contribute one day's pay to the relief of the destitute. It is estimated that the police collections will swell the relief fund at least \$1,200.

The losses caused indirectly by the tornado are just beginning to reveal themselves. The direct results were at once apparent, but the consequences slightly remote from the first cause will be nearly as cruel as the immediate 'effects. Because the tornado ruined many mills and factories a large number of people will be out o employment for weeks and more How many men have been deprived of their opportunity to earn a livelihood cannot be stated with any degree of accuracy, but it certainly runs into the hundreds in excess of the number employed to clear away the rubbish and repair the damage wrought by the wind.

President McMath, of the House of Delegates estimates that the following sums will

be needed: Repair of four courts and jail, \$125,000; repair and alteration of court house when vacated by city officers, \$75,000; repair and extension of insane asylum, two new wings, \$200,000; repairs and extension of House of Refuge, \$200,000; new city hospital, \$200,000; repair and extension of workhouse. House of Refuge, \$200,000; new city hospital, \$300,000; repair and extension of workhouse, \$75,000; new city hall and surrounding, \$726,-000; total, \$1,951,000. Dr. Starkloff declares that to build a complete hospital will cost at least half a million dollars. That would run the total up to \$2,150,000. In addition to this the following amounts are needed for new bridges over railroad tracks, including damages for land taken: Twelfth-which has just closed, with no result favor-which has just closed, with no result favor-which has just closed, with no result favorbridge, \$200,000; Kings Highway bridge, \$175,-300; Compton-avenue bridge, \$275,000; Four-teenth-street bridge, \$250,000; Clarke-avenue idge, \$150,000; Grand-avenue bridge, \$50,000 total, \$1.550,000.

committee on municipal affairs, has been investigating the damage to the various city institutions, visited all the damaged places and to-night reported to the Council that the City Hospital is a complete wreck and worth only what its wreckage will bring. The hospital and the chapel at the poorhouse were destroyed, chapel at the poorhouse were destroyed, and new buildings will have to be built to replace them. The committee estimates that the cost of repairs to the various buildings will be as follows: Workhouse, \$3,000; poorhouse, \$5,000; jail, \$3,000; house of refuge, \$1,500; Female Hospital, \$500; insane asylum, \$50. This estimate does not include the cost of reconstructing the chapel and hospital at the poorhouse. The engine houses and police stations about the city were damaged to the extent of \$17,500.

Ten district assessors and fifteen clerks left the office of A. H. Frederick, president of the Board of Assessors, to-day to make an official estimate of the losses caused by the storm. The district assessors, as well as the clerks to assist them, are experts in prop-erty values, and they will make a house to ouse canvass in the territory blasted by the tornado. Mr. Frederick expects to have a Nine more burial permits were issued today for the interment of storm victims.

East St. Louis is now thoroughly on its
feet. A single day has made a vast change
in the appearance of the streets in the devastated districts. Dozens of persons are
kept constantly busy handing out groceries,
clothes and dress goods, but so numerous
have been the money and other gifts that for
the time being there is no danger of want.

It is feared that William Hartigan, a
wealthy iron miner, of Birmingham, Ala, is
beneath the debris of some wrecked building.
Mr. Hartigan came to St. Louis two days
before the tornado to purchase farm machinery and stock for his farm. Thursday
he went to the fair grounds to see Secretary Ault. He left the track at about 4
o'clock in the afternoon. Since then nothing

My has no enthusiasm to keep his courage
up. There is no spirited soldier when his
stomach is empty. The Spanish soldier
must be paid even for his vices, if he is to
be of any good, and Spain has no longer
the money for it. I made yesterday two
prisoners, whom I hardly could prevail to
remain with us and share our abundant
o'clock in the afternoon. Since then nothing

What I say about Weyler is from my

o'clock in the afternoon. Since then nothing has been seen of him. Evil People Looting Wreckage. SENECA, Mo., June 2.-All sorts of evil persons from the Territory entered Seneca yesterday and to-day and began to loot the wreckage thrown up between here and the Territory line by the late flood. Marshal Shearer, of Seneca has placed deputies on guard with orders to shoot any pilferer caught in the act. Aid for the destitute families is slow in coming in. Fifty families are homeless and 100 families are absolutely destitute. The sky continues gloomy, and every night people whose nerves suffered from the experience of Saturday camp on the hills surrounding Sen-

eca, fearing another flood. Four Men Injured. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., June 2.-News comes from Avondale, Ala., of which occurred there last evening. An building formerly used as a laundry was blown down and four men who had taken initiative and resource seem to be on the side of the rebels." refuge from the storm in the building were injured, as follows: James W. Halley, aged 17, fatally; T. J. Pearce, hip scriously hart; W. J. Campbell, head and hands baily cut; W Brocks, knee broken.

Charles L. Simmons Safe. firm of Simmons, Kelier & Castle, of St. Joseph, and is visiting Eastern cities in the interest of his firm. He was in St. Louis at the time of the storm, but was not in-

NONPARTISAN PROTECTIONISTS. Convention of Men Who Want to Take the Tariff Out of Politics.

DETROIT, June 2.-The movement for 'taking the tariff out of politics" was inaugurated this afternoon in spite of a disappointingly small attendance at the national commercial tariff convention. Fifty delegates, representing thirteen States, were present. J. H. Brigham, of Delta, O. grand master of the National Grange, was named as temporary chairman. A commit-tee on credentials was appointed, and certi-fied that all delegates who had registered were entitled to seats. After the adoption of rules and the appointment of the follow-ing committees, which are directed to pre-pare resolutions to lay before the conven-tion upon their respective topics, which cover the three objects as stated in the call, the convention adjourned till to-mor-

Committee on Tariff—S. B. Archer, Newark, N. J.; C. H. Leonard, Grand Rapids, Mich.; F. P. Holland, Dallas, Tex.; W. C. Cronemeyer, McKeesport, Pa.; G. B. Horton, Fruit Ridge, Mich.

On Consular Service—Arthur Hill, Saginaw, Mich.; Edward Evans, Tonawanda, N. W. Mark W. Harrington, Seattle N. Y.; Mark W. Harrington, Seattle, Wash.; Jas. F. Buckner, jr., Louisville, Ky.; John M. Turner, Akron, O. On Creation of a Government Department Commerce, Manufactures and Labor-F. Thompson, Johnstown, Pa.; E. P. Stone Saginaw, Mich.; Thomas A. Taylor, Toledo O.; H. B. Wilkins, Milwaukee; D. P. Erwin The main object of the movement is the eventual establishment of a nonpartisar tariff commission which shall pass upon the details of all tariff schedules and re-

THE LATE KATE FIELD. An Accomplished, Versatile and Successful Woman. St. Louis Republic.

port upon the same to Congress.

Kate Field, who died in Honolulu on May 19, was fifty-six years old and a native of St. Louis. She was, perhaps, the most versatile woman of her time. She had been en- to suspect that Mr. Moore had taken a bigaged in literature, on the lecture platform as an actress, dramatic critic, author and newspaper woman, and her career was marked by brilliant successes in nearly

lithe and delicate, but had the shapely figure and the limbs of a danseuse, blue-gray eyes and brown curls, fired with streaks of gold. She came to be known as "Bonny Kate

After receiving a good education Miss Field went to Italy, intending to become a prima donna. She became a newspaper writer instead, and her first correspondence was published in the New Orleans Picayune. Subsequently she wrote for leading papers all over the country. After Charles Dickens visited the United States Miss Field published a volume entitled "Pen Photographs from Charles Dickens's Readings," which attracted wide attention. tracted wide attention.

For several years the accident which de-prived Miss Field of her voice, so far as vocalism was concerned, made her more or ess an invalid, but she appeared on the lecture platform, and her trip to the Adiron-dacks, after she and her friends had pur-chased John Brown's farm, gave her a theme for a lecture that was interesting and successful. In 1874 Miss Field appeared on the stage as Peg Woffington, and subsequently starred with John T. Raymond, achieving fair degree of success. Kate Field's Washington is too well

known to require special mention here. Her sketches of public men were copied all over the country, and every Senator and Representative in Washington knew her as a friend and esteemed her for her genius and pluck. Miss Field lived at the Shoreham and kept in close touch with the political move-ment. Her health gave way last winter, and she went to the Sandwich Islands on a commission from the Chicago Times-Herald to write up that country.

## LETTER FROM GOMEZ

THE CUBAN GENERAL SAYS THE PA-TRIOT CAUSE IS ADVANCING.

He Denounces the Methods and Conduct of Commander Weyler-Filibustering Expedition.

NEW YORK, June 2.- The following letter, dated May 16, from Gen. Maximo Gomez to Senor Estrada Palma, the Cuban delegate in this city, was given out at the headquarters of the Cuban delegation to-

able to the cause of the monarchists, despite of their famous army of 150,000 men and their powerful implements of war throughout the country. The torch was stopped as soon as the planters were diverted from grinding. Peasant proprietors were carefully respected, and their crops were not destroyed by the hoofs of our horses. The Cuban family had no fear of the Spanish soldier, and our wounded were safe. But all this has changed as by magic since Spain appointed Weyler to be the peacemaker. Disregardful of the immense interests that he compromised, it was he who again lighted the torch by his foolish storm. The district assessors, as well as the cause, and any petty loss that we may occlerks to assist them, are experts in prop- casionally have is of no consequence, when on the whole we triumph

"The revolution thus enters now on Nine more burial permits were issued to- is death to them; our soldiers, on the con-

"What I say about Weyler is from my perfect knowledge of this man's history. I am not influenced by passion or hatred. I am simply one of the few survivors of the famous 'Bell of Casos Redondo,' and am not the one to forget the bloody scenes of the 'white rag,' in which Weyler was the instrument of Valmarada."

ment of Valmareda." Incapactly of Spanish Officers. LONDON, June 3 .- The Times this morning ublishes some long Havana letters which dwell on the incapacity and inaction of the Spanish commanders in Cuba, "Everywhere," the Times correspondent says, "the Spanish officers seem perfectly content if they can hold the ground they stand on." He also tells a ludicrous story of finding a superior officer on the line of the new intrenchments across the island sitting 13 dark ness, because when his quarters were lighted a few night before the rebels fired three snots through his window. "This military inaptitude," the correspondent concludes, "is the key of the situation. All the activity,

Another Expedition.

MOBILE, Ala., June 2 .- Another filibustering expedition is off. When the Plant line steamship Algiers was ready to sail to-day the Cubans, who have been waiting here for the Cubans, who have been waiting here for two or three months, marched down to the dock in a body preceded by one of their morrow. is safe and sound in Baltimore, Mr. Sim- at "carry" and boarded her. It is not ex-mons is a member of the commercial law pected, however, that the Algiers will carry pected, however, that the Algiers will carry hem to Cuba. She will either transfer th men to another vessel on the high seas or take them on to Florida and land them where they can be picked up.

Movements of Steamers. LIVERPOOL, June 2.-Arrived: Cephalonia and Glasgow, from Boston GLASGOW, June 2 .- Arrived: Norwegian, from New York. MARSAILLES, June 2.-Arrived: Patria from New York. HAMBURG, June 2.-Arrived: Italia, NEW YORK, June 2.-Arrived: Ems.

Two Men Shot.

CHICAGO, June 2. - A fight occurre n front of the Illinois steel works, at Ashland avenue and Twenty-second street, to-day, and two men were shot. They were: J. Sexton, laborer, employed at the steel works, who will probably die; Michael Mar-tin, saloon keeper, with slight chances of recovery. Martin was shot by Sexton, and the latter was shot by policeman Connelly.

National Plumbers' Association. CLEVELAND, June 2.—The fourteenth an-nual convention of the National Plumbers' Association of America was called to order in this city to-day by President Meath, of Detroit. Complimentary speeches were indulged in for an hour, after which the committee on credentials was appointed. Over five hundred delegates are in attendance, every State in the Union being represented.

Ex-Senator Stearns Dead. SAN DIEGO, Cal., June 2.-Ex-United tates Senator O. P. Stearns, of Minnesota, died at Pacific Beach, near this city, today of pneumonia.

WEATHER BUREAU CHIEF IN TOWN

Prof. Willis L. Moore, chief of the

Weather Bureau, arrived in the city yester-

Will Probably Have Local Office Moved to the Majestic.

day afternoon to inspect the local office. Mr. Moore left the Bates House early yesterday evening, and up to 2 o'clock this morning had not put in an appearance, which led reporters who were hunting him cycle to Noblesville to locate that terrible fornado which blew several hundred milmarked by brilliant successes in everything she undertook.

Miss Fleid's father, Joseph M. Field, was an Englishman of Irish descent. He came to America, was educated in the public schools of New York, and, after a dramatic career, drifted into journalism. He established the Reveille and was one of the founders of the St. Louis Democrat. Miss Field's mother was Miss Eliza Riddle. She was the make certain changes in the instruments. While here Mr. Moore will probably make Knowles, the author, playing Master Walter.
She accompanied Macready on his American tour, and died at sea while on her way to England with her daughter.
The early tendency of Kate Field was to the stage. She was in young womanhood of the company, yesterday.

## DE PAUW

WORK OF THE SEMINARIUM IN THE LINE OF PRACTICAL POLITICS.

College Programmes for the proaching Commencement-Ingalis

to Spenk at Muncie. Special to the Indianapolis Journal.

GREENCASTLE, Ind., June 2.- The first events of the ten days of the annual commencement season of DePauw University are at hand in the examinations by the siudents for final grades. These began Monday and are held daily from 8 a. m. 10 4 p. m. The members of the seminarium class, devoted to the study of political science, held a banquet in the Phi Gamma Delta hall. E. S. Meade read a paper on "Protection and Free Trade," illustrating the same by the use of charts. The entire year's work in this department has been very profitable. The first semester was devoted to the study of the money question, and its results were apparent in the excellent showing made against the Indiana University team in the Washington-birthday debate. This semester the subject of taxation has been taken up, and various forms of taxation have been studied with reference to their application in our country at the present time. A great deal of practical good has been attained. Col. James Riley Weaver, who has been in charge of the class, was given a banque with Claude D. Hall as toastmaster. The with Claude D. Hall as toastmaster. The following toasts were responded to: "The Value of the Seminarium," E. S. Meade; "Any Old Thing," M. L. Daggy; "The Method of the Seminarium," V. W. Helm; "Personality in the Seminarium," Fred Hall; "A War of Words," John W. Walker; "Acquaintances," C. D. Royse; "Col. James Riley Weaver," J. M. House. Colonel Weaver responded. The seminarium has been the means of instilling much sound political wisdom into the class of '96. dom into the class of '96.

The board of the DePauw Weekly, the col-

lege publication, after a stormy session, has chosen the following officers for next year: Charles Allen, editor-in-chief; J. K. Cecil, business manager; George Morris, chief of local staff.

The semester recitals of the School of Music were the first public exercises of the week, beginning this evening and continuing to-morrow evening. The commencement ex ercises of the School of Music will be held Friday evening. Miss Helen Birch, assisted by the Schliewen Quartet, of Indianapolis giving the programme. The programme o the following performers: Misses Grace Al-Miss Byrd, Myrtle Owen, Miss Baker, Miss Hawkins, Miss Jeoman, Jennie Armstrong, Miss Martin, Ora Owen, Miss Schermerhorn, Miss Wood, Miss Harrold, Miss Ulytte, Marie Hirt and Mrs. Want.

Programme at Franklin College.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. FRANKLIN, Ind., June 2 .- The commencement oration before the graduating class of Franklin College on June 11 will be by Dean Hurlbert, of the Divinity School at Chicago University. Field day will have twenty fine events. The Franklin College programme of commencement week follows:

June 7 (Sunday)—10:30 a. m., annual missionary sermon by Rev. O. A. Cook, of Rochester, Ind.; 7:30 p. m., baccalaureate sermon by President Stott.

June 8—7:30 p. m., intersociety entertain— June 9-10 a. m., meeting of the college board; 2 p. m., field day exercises; 7:30 p. m., people and students' foint meeting; symposium, "The College and Its Relations;" address by Superintendent W. D. Weaver, of the Marion city schools, Mrs. Mabel C. Dunlap-Curry, of Terre Haute, W. C. Thompson, of Indianapolis, Rev. J. B. Thomas, of Mitchell.

a. m., class-day exercises; 2 p. m., annual meeting of alumni association; 7:30 p. m., address before alumni association by Chas. S. McCoy, of Chicago, Ill.

June 11-10 a. m., commencement exercises, followed by alumni dinner; 8 p. m. to 10 p.

June 19-8 a. m., stockholders' meeting:

m., faculty reception. Coates College Programme.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., June 2 .- The Coates College fifth seminary commencement and the first comencement of the Coates School of Music will be held in the Washington-avenue Presbyterian Church Tuesday evening, June 9. The seminary graduates are Leora Jenks Hunter, Katherine Kibler Bishop and Bertha Rawson Peyton. Graduates of the School of Music are Rena Pearson and Jane Waterman. The programme follows:
Sunday, June 7-8 p. m., baccalaurate sermon by the Rev. William N. Sloan, Ph. D. at Washington-avenue Presbyterian Church Monday, June 8-8 p. m., graduate recital,

Wednesday, June 10-8 p. m., the president's reception to the graduates at the as-

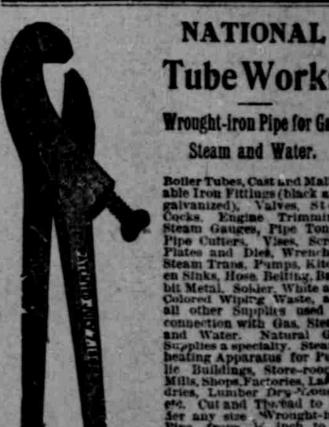
Law School Reunion. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. VALPARAISO, Ind., June 2.-The alumn! reunion of the Northern Indiana Law School was held to-night in the college auditorium, and was attended by 1,800 people. Hon. Thomas F. Donovan, class '94, of Kan-kakee, Ill., delivered the alumni address. Miss Grace Banks Griffiths, class of '96, of Gas City, gave the class poem. Plates were laid for 426 at the annual banquet. The fifty graduates were admitted to the bar to-day by Judge John H. Gillette, of the Porter Circuit Court. The commencement exercises will occur to-morrow night. There

Followed with a Banquet. Special to the Indianapolis Journal. DECATUR, Ind., June 2 .- At the First M. E. Church, last night, was held the sixteenth annual commencement of the Decatur schools. The class contained eleven girls and six boys. Following the exercises at the church a banquet was given at the chapel of the Central school building, and the festivi-ties lasted all night. Following are the graduates: Faye Edwards, Harry Helm, Tena Kern, Hattle Burns, Fred Vaughn, Nellia Ellaworth Margaret Fleber Jenna Nellie Ellsworth, Margaret Eicher, Jennie Hammell, Will Dorwin, Mayme Long, Lizzle Peterson, Edith Walter, Gertrude Rugg, Norman Lenhart, John Streit, C. O. France,

Jose Congleton. They Recited Shakspeare.

Special to the Indianapolis Journal. CRAWFORDSVILLE, Ind., June 2 .- The graduating exercises of the city High School senior class took place this evening at Music Hail. The following are the graduates: Ida V. Ammerman, Stella O. Clodfelter, Kate E. Dennis, Lulu M. Grayson, Mable Hutton, Eula K. Lee, Helen E. Noland, George P. Ramsey, Alta J. Rusk, Faye O. Schenck, Willetta Shepherd, Floyd Shipp, Minnie E. Stron, Mary A. Watson and Eva S. Wheeler. The class address was made by Maurice Thompson, after which the diplomas were given. The exercises were enlivened by a series of scenes from Shakspeare's works.

Exercises at Mitchell. Special to the Indianapolis Journal MITCHELL, Ind., June 2.- The college hall had an immense audience this evening that listened attentively to the commencement exercises of Mitchell schools. The class consisted of fifteen members, twelve girls and three boys. The address was made in College Hall last Sunday evening by Hon. D. H. Ellison, superintendent of schools.



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